



Staged Evolution of Integrating with Redfish

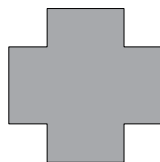
Interacting with hardware resources from a software perspective

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Redfish Integration / Usage

Agenda

- Introduction
- Redfish overview from an Open Source software person's context
- Then, an evolving progression of
 - Accessing the Redfish API and Data Model contents
 - Start manipulating the target hardware to match what the overall use case requires
 - Leveraging all the pieces for an end-to-end deployment / solution



Overview of Redfish

From a software person's context

- Yet another way to access a Baseboard Management Controller (BMC)
 - Bonus points
 - Provides a superset of functionality compared to [IPMI](#)
 - Delivers a standardized approach across hardware partner platforms
- Provides / utilizes a REST API approach
 - Bonus points
 - Enables lots of possible ways to integrate
 - Creates a composable, converged, hybrid-IT option to extend the software defined data center concept
 - Feels almost cloud-native like, given that a versioned API approach exists to manage the hardware that software lands upon

~~Crawl~~ Float

Float : accessing the API/Data Model

Start simple

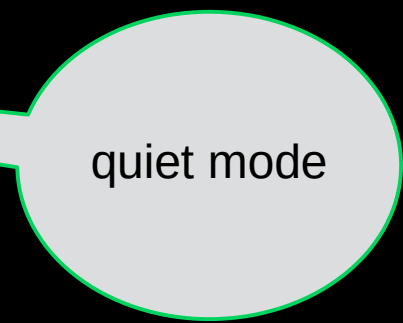
- Via curl, interactive to scripted CLI walk through
 - literally started with a Google “linux redfish curl examples” search
 - Setup curl options
 - Validated access URL and credentials
 - Formatted output into readable (JSON)
 - Explored a subset of the data model
 - Scripted a poll across several systems




```
bwgartner@hpz210:~/redfish> curl \  
> --silent \  
> --insecure \  
> --user admin \  
> --header "Content-type: application/json" \  
> --request GET \  
> https://172.16.192.40/redfish/v1/
```

man curl ;)

```
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> --silent \  
> --insecure \  
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> --header "Content-type: application/json" \  
> --request GET \  
> https://172.16.192.40/redfish/v1/
```



quiet mode

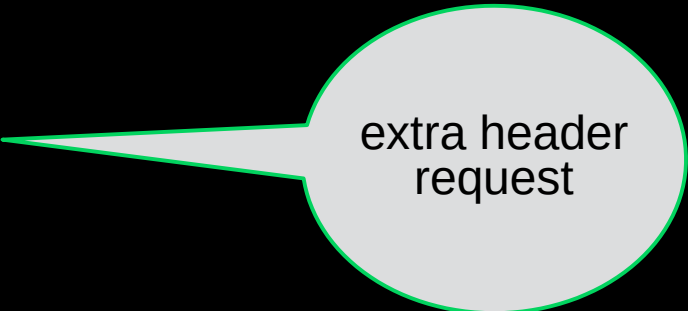

```
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> --insecure \  
> --user admin \  
> --header "Content-type: application/json" \  
> --request GET \  
> https://172.16.192.40/redfish/v1/
```

deal with
self-signed
BMC certificate

```
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> --silent \  
> --insecure \  
> --user admin \  
> --header "Content-type: application/json" \  
> --request GET \  
> https://172.16.192.40/redfish/v1/
```

BMC
user credential
(password will be
prompted for)

```
bwgartner@hpz210:~/redfish> curl \  
> --silent \  
> --insecure \  
> --user admin \  
> --header "Content-type: application/json" \  
> --request GET \  
> https://172.16.192.40/redfish/v1/
```



extra header
request

```
bwgartner@hpz210:~/redfish> curl \  
> --silent \  
> --insecure \  
> --user admin \  
> --header "Content-type: application/json" \  
> --request GET \  
> https://172.16.192.40/redfish/v1/
```

just request
data

```
bwgartner@hpz210:~/redfish> curl \  
> --silent \  
> --insecure \  
> --user admin \  
> --header "Content-type: application/json" \  
> --request GET \  
> https://172.16.192.40/redfish/v1/
```

BMC
IP Address
(and protocol)

```
bwgartner@hpz210:~/redfish> curl \  
> --silent \  
> --insecure \  
> --user admin \  
> --header "Content-type: application/json" \  
> --request GET \  
> https://172.16.192.40/redfish/v1/
```

Use the
Redfish top of
API path
and current
version

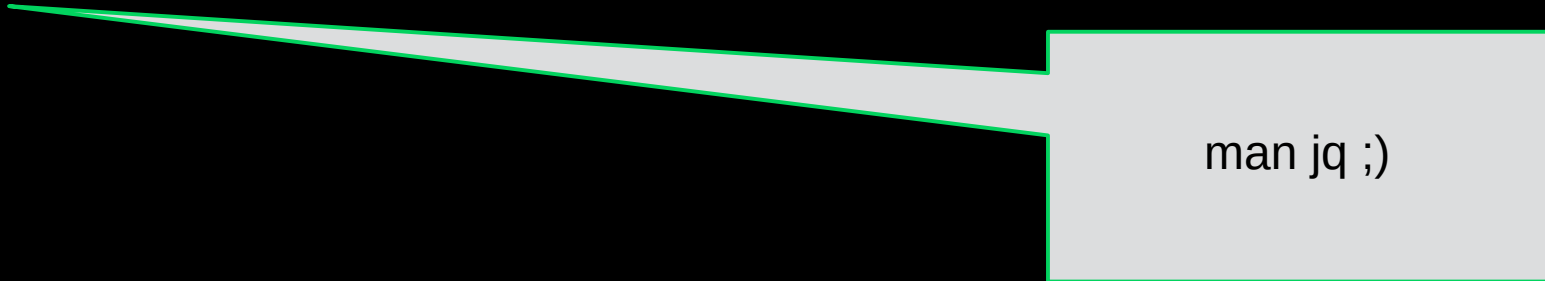


```
l360g9-a-ilo.suse.de", "HostName": "dl360g9-a-ilo", "IPManager": {"BiosManaged": false, "FirmwareManaged": false, "ManagerProductName": "HPE OneView", "ManagerType": "OneView", "ManagerUrl": {"xref": "https://172.16.250.127"}, "ManagerVersion": "4.20.01.01", "Name": "Management Console Information", "OvManagesiloTP": false, "SppVersion": null, "StorageManaged": false, "Type": "HPQ_iLOManager", "iLOManaged": true, "type": "IpManagerBlob"}, "Languages": [{"Name": "English", "Version": "2.61"}], "ManagerFirmware": {"Type": "iLO 4"}], "Sessions": {"CertCommonName": "dl360g9-a-ilo.suse.de", "Enabled": false, "LDAPAuthLicenced": true, "LDAPEnabled": false, "LoginFailureDelay": 0, "LoginHint": {"Hint": "POST to /Sessions"}, "SecurityOverride": false, "ServerName": ""}, "Type": "HpiLOServiceExt.1.0.0", "links": {"ResourceDirectory": {"href": "/redfish/v1/ResourceDirectory/"}}}, "RedfishVersion": "1.0.0", "Registries": {"@odata.id": "/redfish/v1/Registries/"}, "ServiceVersion": "1.0.0", "SessionService": {"@odata.id": "/redfish/v1/SessionService/"}, "Systems": {"@odata.id": "/redfish/v1/Systems/"}, "Time": "2019-08-13T20:57:57Z", "Type": "ServiceRoot.1.0.0", "UUID": "110fe98a-318c-5283-8572-21f6c0ab0955", "links": {"AccountService": {"href": "/redfish/v1/AccountService/"}, "Chassis": {"href": "/redfish/v1/Chassis/"}, "EventService": {"href": "/redfish/v1/EventService/"}, "Managers": {"href": "/redfish/v1/Managers/"}, "Registries": {"href": "/redfish/v1/Registries/"}, "Schemas": {"href": "/redfish/v1/Schemas/"}, "SessionService": {"href": "/redfish/v1/SessionService/"}, "Sessions": {"href": "/redfish/v1/SessionService/Sessions/"}, "Systems": {"href": "/redfish/v1/Systems/"}, "self": {"href": "/redfish/v1/"}}}
```

Ok ... worked
... but output not entirely
human readable

```
bwgartner@hpz210:~/redfish>
```

```
bwgartner@hpz210:~/redfish> curl \  
> --silent \  
> --insecure \  
> --user admin \  
> --header "Content-type: application/json" \  
> --request GET \  
> https://172.16.192.40/redfish/v1/ \  
> | jq
```



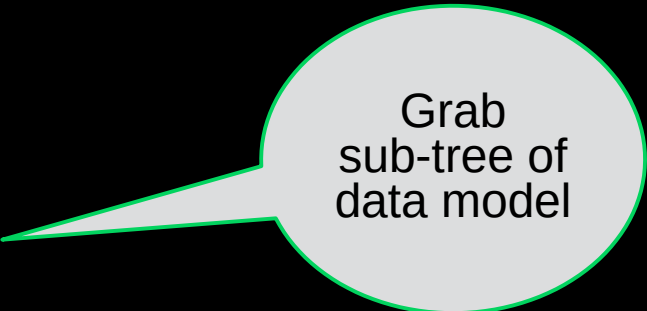
man jq ;)




```
bwgartner@hpz210:~/redfish> curl \  
> --silent \  
> --insecure \  
> --netrc \  
> --header "Content-type: application/json" \  
> --request GET \  
> https://172.16.192.40/redfish/v1/Systems/1/ \  
> | jq | more
```

Read
authentication
credentials
from a file


```
bwgartner@hpz210:~/redfish> curl \  
> --silent \  
> --insecure \  
> --netrc \  
> --header "Content-type: application/json" \  
> --request GET \  
> https://172.16.192.40/redfish/v1/Systems/1/ \  
> | jq | more
```



Grab
sub-tree of
data model

I

```
bwgartner@hpz210:~/redfish> curl \  
> --silent \  
> --insecure \  
> --netrc \  
> --header "Content-type: application/json" \  
> --request GET \  
> https://172.16.192.40/redfish/v1/Systems/1/ \  
> | jq | more
```

Page
through the
output in a
“screenful” way




```
#!/bin/sh
```

```
IPSub="172.16"
```

```
for i in 192 195
```

```
do
```

```
  for j in 36 35 34 33 32
```

```
  do
```

```
    echo "=== Node BMC - ${IPSub}.${i}.${j} ==="
```

```
    curl \
```

```
      --silent \
```

```
      --insecure \
```

```
      --netrc \
```

```
      --header "Content-type: application/json" \
```

```
      --request GET \
```

```
      https://${IPSub}.${i}.${j}/redfish/v1/Systems/1/ \
```

```
      | jq '{Model}'
```

```
  done
```

```
done
```

```
~
```

```
~
```

```
~
```

```
~
```

Wrap into
a shell
script

```
#!/bin/sh
```

```
IPSub="172.16"
```

```
for i in 192 195
```

```
do
```

```
  for j in 36 35 34 33 32
```

```
  do
```

```
    echo "=== Node BMC - ${IPSub}.${i}.${j} ==="
```

```
    curl \
```

```
      --silent \
```

```
      --insecure \
```

```
      --netrc \
```

```
      --header "Content-type: application/json" \
```

```
      --request GET \
```

```
      https://${IPSub}.${i}.${j}/redfish/v1/Systems/1/ \
```

```
      | jq '{Model}'
```

```
  done
```

```
done
```

```
~  
~  
~  
~
```

Loop
through
several BMC
IP ranges


```
#!/bin/sh
```

```
IPSub="172.16"
```

```
for i in 192 195
```

```
do
```

```
  for j in 36 35 34 33 32
```

```
  do
```

```
    echo "=== Node BMC - ${IPSub}.${i}.${j} ==="
```

```
    curl \
```

```
      --silent \
```

```
      --insecure \
```

```
      --netrc \
```

```
      --header "Content-type: application/json" \
```

```
      --request GET \
```

```
      https://${IPSub}.${i}.${j}/redfish/v1/Systems/1/ \
```

```
      | jq '{Model}'
```

```
  done
```

```
done
```

```
~  
~  
~  
~
```

Extract a
specific
name/value
item



[X] Float

Of course, a lot more ways this can be also exercised

- [Redfish API](#)
- Exploring Data Model
 - Redfish Developer Hub (see [Mockups](#))
- [Programmatic Interfaces](#)
 - Language bindings : C, Javascript, Powershell, Python, Ruby, ...
 - DevOps : Ansible, Chef, Nagios, Puppet, ...

Float (additional references)

Homework exercises left for the reader

- Dell-related
 - Knowledge Base - [Redfish](#)
- Fujitsu
 - [iRMC Redfish API Specifications](#)
 - [Redfish White Paper](#)
- HPE-related
 - [iLO RESTful API](#)
 - [iLO RESTful API Explorer](#)
- Intel
 - [Redfish, RESTful and x-UEFI](#)
- Lenovo-related
 - [xClarity Controller Redfish REST API](#)
- Supermicro
 - [Server Management \(Redfish API\)](#)
- ...

~~Walk~~ Tread

Tread(ing Water) : understand the target



Helping the hardware-challenged (aka software folks)

- Beyond the on-line Mockups ...
 - Visit GitHub [openStack/python-redfish](https://github.com/openstack/python-redfish)
 - git clone
 - Install a container run-time engine
 - In dmtf/mockup*, build, run, use the container
 - Homework left as an exercise for the reader
 - You can [install](#) (from src, PyPi, or packages the redfish-client)



Tread

Other techniques and/or target resources ...

- [SUSE Manager / Uyuni](#)
 - Opensource software management solution
 - Leverages [Saltstack](#), and starting development of a Redfish integration - [openSUSE/redfish](#)
 - Goal is to be able to query/select/configure + de-configure/de-select/return to a known state the hardware needed to match the desire software workloads as part of the overall deployment lifecycle
 - *salt-call redfish.set_property IndicatorLED "Blinking" ... (or "Off")*
 - [Terraform](#)
 - Starting to leverage this technology, which matches quite well with the underlying infrastructure
 - A [restapi](#) provider to interact with Redfish
 - A [terraform-provider-oneview](#) overlay that works with the HPE Composable Infrastructure APIs

[kinda] Tread

Continually exploring some new and some existing options

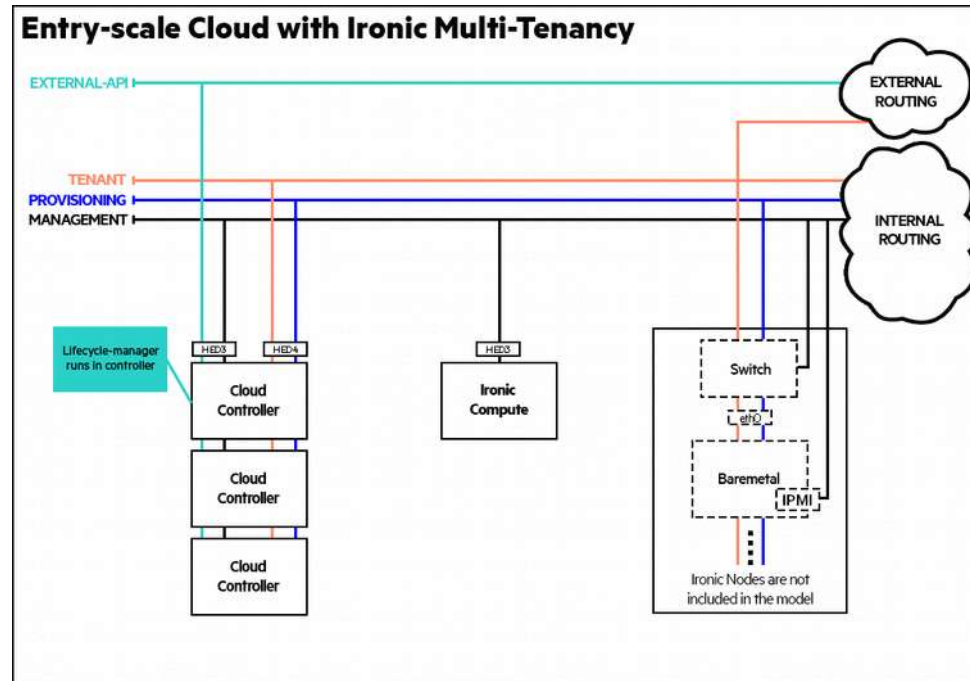
- In the end, the true value proposition of open source for users is “freedom of choice”
 - So with the trends of
 - Software-Defined Infrastructure
 - Migration to Infrastructure-as-Code
 - Cloud-Native computing principles (everything is really an API/version)
 - Providing choices in each matrix element and layer approach is highly desirable

~~Run~~ Swim

Swim : manage end-to-end deployment



Deploy a baremetal node using **Ironic + Redfish** from within **SUSE OpenStack Cloud**



Swim : manage end-to-end deployment

Deploy a baremetal node using Ironic + Redfish from SUSE OpenStack Cloud

- Stepwise Process Approach (see [Deployment Guide using Cloud Lifecycle Manager](#))
 - Setup access to the BMC

Swim : manage end-to-end deployment

Deploy a baremetal node using Ironic + Redfish from SUSE OpenStack Cloud

- Stepwise Process Approach (see [Deployment Guide using Cloud Lifecycle Manager](#))
 - Setup access to the BMC (utilizing Redfish API via OpenStack [Sushy](#) python library)

Swim : manage end-to-end deployment

Deploy a baremetal node using **Ironic + Redfish** from **SUSE OpenStack Cloud**

- Stepwise Process Approach (see [Deployment Guide using Cloud Lifecycle Manager](#))
 - Setup access to the BMC (utilizing Redfish API via OpenStack [Sushy](#) python library)
 - Enroll the node into [Ironic](#), to provide access to / visibility of the system resources

Swim : manage end-to-end deployment

Deploy a baremetal node using Ironic + Redfish from SUSE OpenStack Cloud

- Stepwise Process Approach (see [Deployment Guide using Cloud Lifecycle Manager](#))
 - Setup access to the BMC (utilizing Redfish API via OpenStack [Sushy](#) python library)
 - Enroll the node into [Ironic](#), to provide access to / visibility of the system resources
 - Create
 - [Nova](#) flavor
 - Network port(s)
 - [Glance](#) complete disk image for the target solution workload
 - Key pair to later login to the running system

Swim : manage end-to-end deployment

Deploy a baremetal node using Ironic + Redfish from SUSE OpenStack Cloud

- Stepwise Process Approach (see [Deployment Guide using Cloud Lifecycle Manager](#))
 - Setup access to the BMC (utilizing Redfish API via OpenStack [Sushy](#) python library)
 - Enroll the node into [Ironic](#), to provide access to / visibility of the system resources
 - Create
 - [Nova](#) flavor ... based upon `system memory, storage, cpu architecture, boot mode`
 - Network port(s) ... based upon `system MAC Address(es)`
 - [Glance](#) complete disk image for the target solution workload
 - Key pair to later login to the running system

Swim : manage end-to-end deployment

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 - Network port(s) ... based upon system MAC Address(es)
 - [Glance](#) complete disk image for the target solution workload
 - Key pair to later login to the running system
 - Power on the node to
 - Enable a PXE boot from a designated NIC (and desired flat/multi-tenant [Neutron](#) network) to a specific kernel/initrd image
 - Transfer the complete disk image to the node's local storage
 - Reboot the node and use as desired

Swim : manage end-to-end deployment

Deploy a baremetal node using Ironic + Redfish from SUSE OpenStack Cloud

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Swim : manage end-to-end deployment

Deploy a baremetal node using **Ironic + Redfish** from **SUSE OpenStack Cloud**

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 - Power on the node to
 - Enable a PXE boot from a designated NIC (and desired flat/multi-tenant [Neutron](#) network) to a specific kernel/initrd image
 - Transfer the complete disk image to the node's local storage
 - Reboot the node and use as desired
 - And when done with the workload
 - Power off the system, reset BIOS / secure boot keys / iLO and credentials, erase devices, possibly update firmware, ...

Swim : manage end-to-end deployment

Deploy a baremetal node using Ironic + Redfish from SUSE OpenStack Cloud

- Stepwise Process Approach (see [Deployment Guide using Cloud Lifecycle Manager](#))
 - Setup access to the BMC (utilizing Redfish API via OpenStack [Sushy](#) python library)
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[X] Swim

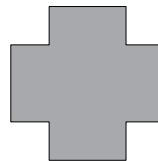
One complete example of a solution end-to-end deployment

- Entirely possible to “make it so”,
 - Matching what one needs to have in place
 - At the desired time
 - Then recycling as needed to the next “need”

Summary

So interesting to explore / discover / leverage

- Redfish integration is an ever expanding utility / frontier
- Allows boundary crossing from developers to operations and across the classic IT silos
- Game Meet On!



Questions





Thank You

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